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# Koordinates Python API Client Documentation

*Release 0.5.3*

**Koordinates**

**May 20, 2020**



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Release v0.5.3.

A BSD-licensed Python client library for a number of [Koordinates](#) web APIs.

The library provides easy access to Koordinates web services, particularly the [Publisher Admin APIs](#)..:

```
import koordinates

client = koordinates.Client(host='labs.koordinates.com', token='MY_API_TOKEN')

# print the 10 most recently created layers
for layer in client.layers.order_by('created_at')[:10]:
    print(layer)
```



## FEATURES

The library aims to reflect the available [Koordinates web APIs](#). Currently the following APIs have support in the library:

- [Data Catalog API](#)
- [Layers & Tables API](#)
- [Sets API](#)
- [Publishing API](#)
- [Licenses API](#)
- [Metadata API](#)
- [Token API](#)
- [Data Sources API](#)
- [Permissions API](#)
- [Exports API](#)

We're working hard to add support for additional APIs to the library, so expect this list to grow soon.

### 1.1 Compatibility

- Python 2.7
- Python 3.3+





## USER GUIDE

## 2.1 Introduction

### 2.1.1 License

The Koordinates Python Client Library is released under the terms of the [BSD License](#).

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## 2.2 Installation

This part of the documentation covers the installation of the Koordinates Python Client Library.

### 2.2.1 Pip

Installing the Python Library is simple with [pip](#). All you need to do is run the following in your terminal:

```
$ pip install koordinates
```

### 2.2.2 Getting the Code

The Koordinates Python Client Library is on [GitHub](#).

Development occurs in the [master branch](#), and releases are tagged and pushed to PyPI regularly.

You can either clone the public git repository:

```
$ git clone git://github.com/koordinates/python-client.git
```

Or, download the [latest release](#).

Once you have a copy of the source, you can embed it in your Python package, or install it into your virtualenv/site-packages:

```
$ python setup.py install
```

### 2.2.3 Upgrading

We strongly encourage you to use the latest release of the Python Library to ensure you get the benefit of fixes, improvements, and new features. The library follows the [Semantic Versioning guidelines](#), so all releases with the same major version number (eg. 1.x.x) will be backwards compatible.

## 2.3 Quick Start

In this guide, we provide a very short overview of how the library may be used to achieve some common tasks.

Before you begin, you'll need to know the Koordinates site you're accessing (eg. [labs.koordinates.com](#)), and have a valid API token for the site, created with the scopes you need for the APIs you're using. See [Authentication](#) for more information. You'll also need sufficient permissions on the site to take actions (for example, creating a Layer).

First, import the Koordinates module:

```
>>> import koordinates
```

Prepare to use the library by creating a client:

```
>>> client = koordinates.Client('labs.koordinates.com', 'MY_API_TOKEN')
```

Fetch all the Layer objects via the [Layers & Tables API](#) and iterate over them:

```
>>> for layer in client.layers.list():  
...     print(layer.id)  
>>>
```

Fetch filtered and sorted Layer objects via the [Data Catalog API](#) and iterate over them:

```
>>> for layer in client.catalog.list().filter(license__type='cc')\
...     .filter(type='layer')\
...     .order_by('created_at'):
...     print(layer.title)
>>>
```

The results of `.list()` returns a `Query` object which is chainable. It will only make an API request once it gets iterated over or `len()` is called on it.

Fetch a single Layer object:

```
>>> # Fetch the Layer with id = 123
>>> layer = client.layers.get(123)
>>> print(layer.title)
>>>
```

Make use of the hierarchy of data within a single object exposed as Python class instances via the library:

```
>>> # Fetch the Layer with id = 123 and extract the
>>> # data.crs value
>>> layer = client.layers.get(123)
>>> print(layer.data.crs)
>>> EPSG:2193
```

Create a new Layer from existing datasources:

```
>>> layer = koordinates.Layer()
>>> layer.name = "A Test Layer"
>>> layer.group = 999
>>> layer.data = koordinates.LayerData(datasources=[123456])
>>> layer = client.layers.create(layer)
>>> print(layer.url)
```

Publish multiple objects of various types:

```
>>> # Publish a number of items, in this case one
>>> # Table and one Layer
>>> publish = koordinates.publishing.Publish()
>>> publish.add_layer_version(1111)
>>> publish.add_table_version(2222)
>>> publish.strategy = publish.STRATEGY_TOGETHER
>>> publish = client.publishing.create(publish)
>>> print(publish.url)
```

Reimport an existing Layer from its previous data sources and create a new version:

```
>>> # Take the layer with id=8888 and reimport it
>>> layer = client.layers.get(8888)
>>> layer = layer.start_update()
```

Publish a specific version of a Layer:

```
>>> # Fetch the version with id=9999 of the Layer
>>> # with id = 8888 and publish it
>>> layer_version = client.layers.get(8888).get_version(9999)
>>> layer_version.publish()
```

## 2.4 Authentication

To create an API token, visit the ‘APIs and Web Services’ page under your user menu on the site you want a token for.

Once you have an API token, you can either pass it into the `koordinates.client.Client` object when you create it, or set it in the `KOORDINATES_TOKEN` environment variable.

```
# Pass token explicitly
client = koordinates.Client(host='labs.koordinates.com', token='abcdef1234567890abcdef
→')

# Token from environment variable KOORDINATES_TOKEN
client = koordinates.Client(host='labs.koordinates.com')
```

Tokens are specific to a Koordinates site. For example, a token created for `labs.koordinates.com` wouldn’t be valid for another site, such as `koordinates.com`.

Tokens need to be **created with scopes appropriate** for the APIs you are utilising. For example, to query Sets you need a token with the `sets:read` scope, and to create or update a Set you need a token with the `sets:write` scope.

If a required scope isn’t associated with the token, you will receive an `koordinates.exceptions.InvalidTokenScope` exception.

In addition to the scopes, the user or group owner of the token needs appropriate permissions for the actions they’re attempting to take - for example, viewing a particular Set.

If required permissions aren’t present, you will receive a `koordinates.exceptions.Forbidden` exception.

## 2.5 Pagination

The library handles pagination of the results of `.list()` and related methods. These methods all act as generators and transparently fetch subsequent pages of results from the APIs in the background during iteration.

## 2.6 Limiting Results

Limiting the results of `.list()` and related methods is available via the python slicing syntax. Only the `[ :N ]` slicing style is supported. For example:

```
# Limit to a maximum of three results
for layer in client.layers.list()[ :3 ]:
    print(layer)
```

## 2.7 Counting Results

In order to count the results of a query or list, use `len()`. For example:

```
print(len(client.layers.list()))
print(len(client.layers.filter(license='cc')))
```

This will perform a HEAD request unless a request has already been made (via a previous call to `len()` or iteration over the results), in which case the previous cached value will be returned.

## 2.8 Result Expansion

To prevent additional API requests, you can get the API to expand some relations and levels of detail in responses.

Not all properties or relations can be expanded. Refer to the Koordinates API documentation for details.

**Important:** Using expansions may have significant performance implications for some API requests.

To expand results in a list request:

```
for object in client.catalog.list().expand():
    # object will be a detailed model instance with
    # a full set of attributes
    print(object)
```

To expand an attribute in a get request:

```
set = client.sets.get(id=123, expand='items')
# the following get_items() call will use the .expand() results
# instead of making an additional request.
print(set, len(set.get_items()))
```

## 2.9 Contributing

Koordinates welcomes bug reports and contributions by the community to this module. This process is intended to be as easy as possible for both contributors and the Koordinates development team.

### 2.9.1 Testing

The client includes a suite of unit and functional tests. These should be used to verify that your changes don't break existing functionality, and that compatibility is maintained across supported Python versions. Tests run automatically on CircleCI for branch commits and pull requests.

To run the tests you need to:

```
$ pip install -r requirements-test.txt
$ tox
```

### 2.9.2 Patches

All patches should be sent as a pull request on GitHub, including tests and documentation where needed. If you're fixing a bug or making a large change the patch *must* include test coverage before it will be merged.

If you're uncertain about how to write tests, take a look at some existing tests that are similar to the code you're changing.

### 2.9.3 Release Process

This guide describes the process to release a new version of the library. In this example, `v0.0.0`. The library follows the [Semantic Versioning guidelines](#), so select major, minor, and patch version numbers appropriately.

#### Preparations

1. Close or update all tickets for the [next milestone on Github](#).
2. Update the *minimum* required versions of dependencies in `setup.py`. Update the *exact* version of all entries in `requirements.txt`.
3. Run **tox** from the project root. All tests for all supported Python versions must pass:

```
$ tox
[...]
_____ summary _____
py27: commands succeeded
py34: commands succeeded
congratulations :)
```

---

**Note:** Tox will use the `requirements-test.txt` to setup the virtualenvs, so make sure you've updated it.

---

4. Build the Sphinx docs. Make sure there are no errors and undefined references.

```
$ make clean docs
```

---

**Note:** You will need to install dev dependencies in `requirements-dev.txt` to build documentation.

---

5. Check the [CircleCI build](#) is passing.
6. Update the version number in `koordinates/__init__.py` and commit:

```
$ git commit -m 'Version 0.0.0 release' koordinates/__init__.py
```

**Warning:** Don't tag and push the changes yet so that you can safely rollback if you need change something!

7. Create a [draft release in Github](#) with a list of changes, acknowledgements, etc.

#### Build and release

1. Test the release process. Build a source distribution and test it:

```
$ python setup.py sdist
$ ls dist/
koordinates-0.0.0.tar.gz
```

Try installing them:

```
$ rm -rf /tmp/koordinates-sdist # ensure clean state
$ virtualenv /tmp/koordinates-sdist
$ /tmp/koordinates-sdist/bin/pip install dist/koordinates-0.0.0.tar.gz
$ /tmp/koordinates-sdist/bin/python
>>> import koordinates
>>> koordinates.__version__
'0.0.0'
```

2. Create or check your accounts for the *test server* <<https://testpypi.python.org/pypi>> and **PyPI**. Update your `~/.pypirc` with your credentials:

```
[distutils]
index-servers =
    pypi
    test

[test]
repository: https://test.pypi.org/legacy/
username: <test username>
password: <test password>

[pypi]
username: <production username>
password: <production password>
```

3. Upload the distributions for the new version to the test server and test the installation again:

```
$ python setup.py sdist upload -r test

$ rm -rf /tmp/koordinates-sdist # ensure clean state
$ virtualenv /tmp/koordinates-sdist
$ /tmp/koordinates-sdist/bin/pip install -i https://testpypi.python.org/pypi --
  ↳extra-index-url https://pypi.python.org/pypi koordinates
```

4. Check if the package is displayed correctly: <https://testpypi.python.org/pypi/koordinates>
5. Upload the package to PyPI and test its installation one last time:

```
$ python setup.py sdist upload -r pypi

$ rm -rf /tmp/koordinates-sdist # ensure clean state
$ virtualenv /tmp/koordinates-sdist
$ pip install -U koordinates
```

6. Check the package is displayed correctly: <https://pypi.python.org/pypi/koordinates>

## Post release

1. Push your changes:

```
$ git tag -a v0.0.0 -m "Version 0.0.0"
$ git push origin v0.0.0
```

2. Activate the **documentation build** for the new version.
3. Make the **Github release** public.
4. Update related Help pages if necessary.

## 2.10 Developer Interface

If you are looking for information on a specific function, class or method, this part of the documentation is for you.

### 2.10.1 API Client

**class** `koordinates.client.Client` (*host, token=None, activate\_logging=False*)

Bases: `object`

A *Client* is used to define the host and api-version which the user wants to connect to. The user identity is also defined when *Client* is instantiated.

**get\_manager** (*model*)

Return the active manager for the given model. :param model: Model class to look up the manager instance for. :return: Manager instance for the model associated with this client.

**get\_url** (*datatype, verb, urltype, params={}, api\_host=None, api\_version=None*)

Returns a fully formed url

#### Parameters

- **datatype** – a string identifying the data the url will access.
- **verb** – the HTTP verb needed for use with the url.
- **urltype** – an adjective used to the nature of the request.
- **\*\*params** – substitution variables for the URL.

**Returns** string

**Return type** A fully formed url.

**reverse\_url** (*datatype, url, verb='GET', urltype='single', api\_version=None*)

Extracts parameters from a populated URL

#### Parameters

- **datatype** – a string identifying the data the url accesses.
- **url** – the fully-qualified URL to extract parameters from.
- **verb** – the HTTP verb needed for use with the url.
- **urltype** – an adjective used to the nature of the request.

**Returns** dict

### 2.10.2 Catalog

Related to the [Data Catalog API](#)

**class** `koordinates.catalog.CatalogEntry` (*\*\*kwargs*)

Bases: `koordinates.base.Model`

**refresh** ()

Refresh this model from the server.

Updates attributes with the server-defined values. This is useful where the Model instance came from a partial response (eg. a list query) and additional details are required.

Existing attribute values will be overwritten.



```
class koordinates.catalog.CatalogManager (client)
    Bases: koordinates.base.Manager

    Accessor for querying across the site via the Catalog API.

    Access via the catalog property of a koordinates.client.Client instance.

expand (*args, **kwargs)
    Returns an expanded Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling .list().expand().
    Using expansions may have significant performance implications for some API requests. See
    koordinates.base.Query.expand().

filter (*args, **kwargs)
    Returns a filtered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling .list().filter(...). See
    koordinates.base.Query.filter().

get (*args, **kwargs)
    Fetches a Model instance determined by the value of id.

        Parameters id – numeric ID for the Model.

list ()
    The published version of each layer, table, set, document or source. If something hasn't been published
    yet, it won't appear here.

list_latest ()
    A filterable list view of layers, tables, sets, documents and sources, similar to koordinates.catalog.CatalogManager.list(). This returns the latest version of each item, regardless of
    whether or not it has been published.

model
    alias of CatalogEntry

order_by (*args, **kwargs)
    Returns an ordered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling .list().order_by(...).
    See koordinates.base.Query.order_by().
```

### 2.10.3 Layers & Tables

Related to the [Layers & Tables API](#)

```
class koordinates.layers.Layer (**kwargs)
    Bases: koordinates.base.Model, koordinates.permissions.PermissionObjectMixin

    Represents a version of a single Layer or Table.

create_draft_version ()
    Creates a new draft version from this model content.

    If anything in the data object has changed then an import will begin immediately. Otherwise to force a
    re-import from the previous sources call koordinates.layers.Layer.start_import().

        Return type Layer

        Returns the new version

        Raises Conflict – if there is already a draft version for this layer.

delete_layer ()
    Delete this layer.

delete_version (version_id=None)
    Deletes this draft version (revert to published)
```

**Raises**

- **NotAllowed** – if this version is already published.
- **Conflict** – if this version is already deleted.

**get\_draft\_version** (*expand=[]*)

Get the current draft version of this layer. :raises NotFound: if there is no draft version.

**get\_published\_version** (*expand=[]*)

Get the latest published version of this layer. :raises NotFound: if there is no published version.

**get\_version** (*version\_id, expand=[]*)

Get a specific version of this layer

**property is\_draft\_version**

Return if this version is the draft version of a layer

**property is\_published\_version**

Return if this version is the published version of a layer

**list\_versions** ()

Filterable list of versions of a layer, always ordered newest to oldest.

If the version's source supports revisions, you can get a specific revision using `.filter(data__source__revision=value)`. Specific values depend on the source type. Use `data__source__revision__lt` or `data__source__revision__gte` to filter using `<` or `>=` operators respectively.

**publish** (*version\_id=None*)

Creates a publish task just for this version, which publishes as soon as any import is complete.

**Returns** the publish task**Return type** *Publish***Raises** **Conflict** – If the version is already published, or already has a publish job.**refresh** ()

Refresh this model from the server.

Updates attributes with the server-defined values. This is useful where the Model instance came from a partial response (eg. a list query) and additional details are required.

Existing attribute values will be overwritten.

**save** (*with\_data=False*)

Edits this draft layerversion. # If anything in the data object has changed, cancel any existing import and start a new one.

**Parameters** **with\_data** (*bool*) – if `True`, send the data object, which will start a new import and cancel any existing one. If `False`, the data object will *not* be sent, and no import will start.

**Raises** **NotAllowed** – if the version is already published.**set\_metadata** (*fp, version\_id=None*)

Set the XML metadata on this draft version.

**Parameters** **fp** (*file*) – file-like object to read the XML metadata from.

**Raises** **NotAllowed** – if this version is already published.

**start\_import** (*version\_id=None*)

Starts importing this draft layer version (cancelling any running import), even if the data object hasn't changed from the previous version.

**Raises** *Conflict* – if this version is already published.

**start\_update** ()

A shortcut to create a new version and start importing it. Effectively the same as *create\_draft\_version()* followed by *koordinates.layers.Layer.start\_import()*.

**Return type** *Layer*

**Returns** the new version

**Raises** *Conflict* – if there is already a draft version for this layer.

**class** *koordinates.layers.LayerManager* (*client*)

Bases: *koordinates.base.Manager*

Accessor for querying Layers & Tables.

Access via the *layers* property of a *koordinates.client.Client* instance.

**create** (*layer*)

Creates a new layer. All attributes except name and *data.datasources* are optional. :return: the new draft version of the layer.

**create\_draft** (*layer\_id*)

Creates a new draft version.

If anything in the data object has changed then an import will begin immediately. Otherwise to force a re-import from the previous sources call *koordinates.layers.LayerManager.start\_import()*.

**Return type** *Layer*

**Returns** the new version

**Raises** *Conflict* – if there is already a draft version for this layer.

**expand** (*\*args, \*\*kwargs*)

Returns an expanded Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling *.list().expand()*. Using expansions may have significant performance implications for some API requests. See *koordinates.base.Query.expand()*.

**filter** (*\*args, \*\*kwargs*)

Returns a filtered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling *.list().filter(...)*. See *koordinates.base.Query.filter()*.

**get** (*id, expand=[]*)

Fetches a Model instance determined by the value of *id*.

**Parameters** *id* – numeric ID for the Model.

**get\_draft** (*layer\_id, expand=[]*)

Get the current draft version of a layer. :raises NotFound: if there is no draft version.

**get\_published** (*layer\_id, expand=[]*)

Get the latest published version of this layer. :raises NotFound: if there is no published version.

**get\_version** (*layer\_id, version\_id, expand=[]*)

Get a specific version of a layer.

**list** ()

Fetches a set of model objects

**Return type** `koordinates.base.Query`

**list\_drafts()**

A filterable list views of layers, returning the draft version of each layer. If the most recent version of a layer or table has been published already, it won't be returned here.

**list\_versions(layer\_id)**

Filterable list of versions of a layer, always ordered newest to oldest.

If the version's source supports revisions, you can get a specific revision using `.filter(data__source__revision=value)`. Specific values depend on the source type. Use `data__source__revision__lt` or `data__source__revision__gte` to filter using `<` or `>=` operators respectively.

**model**

alias of `Layer`

**order\_by(\*args, \*\*kwargs)**

Returns an ordered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().order_by(...)`. See `koordinates.base.Query.order_by()`.

**set\_metadata(layer\_id, version\_id, fp)**

Set the XML metadata on a layer draft version.

**Parameters** `fp(file)` – file-like object to read the XML metadata from.

**Raises** `NotAllowed` – if the version is already published.

**start\_import(layer\_id, version\_id)**

Starts importing the specified draft version (cancelling any running import), even if the data object hasn't changed from the previous version.

**start\_update(layer\_id)**

A shortcut to create a new version and start importing it. Effectively the same as `koordinates.layers.LayerManager.create_draft()` followed by `koordinates.layers.LayerManager.start_import()`.

**class** `koordinates.layers.LayerVersion(**kwargs)`

Bases: `koordinates.base.InnerModel`

Represents the version property of a `Layer` instance.

**class** `koordinates.layers.LayerVersionManager(client, parent_manager)`

Bases: `koordinates.base.InnerManager`

**model**

alias of `LayerVersion`

**class** `koordinates.layers.LayerData(**kwargs)`

Bases: `koordinates.base.InnerModel`

Represents the data property of a `Layer` instance.

**class** `koordinates.layers.LayerDataManager(client, parent_manager)`

Bases: `koordinates.base.InnerManager`

**model**

alias of `LayerData`

## 2.10.4 Licenses

Related to the [License API](#)

**class** `koordinates.licenses.LicenseManager` (*client*)

Bases: `koordinates.base.Manager`

Accessor for querying licenses.

Access via the `licenses` property of a `koordinates.client.Client` instance.

**expand** (*\*args, \*\*kwargs*)

Returns an expanded Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().expand()`. Using expansions may have significant performance implications for some API requests. See `koordinates.base.Query.expand()`.

**filter** (*\*args, \*\*kwargs*)

Returns a filtered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().filter(...)`. See `koordinates.base.Query.filter()`.

**get** (*id, expand=[]*)

Fetches a Model instance determined by the value of *id*.

**Parameters** *id* – numeric ID for the Model.

**get\_creative\_commons** (*slug, jurisdiction=None*)

Returns the Creative Commons license for the given attributes.

**Parameters**

- **slug** (*str*) – the type of Creative Commons license. It must start with `cc-by` and can optionally contain `nc` (non-commercial), `sa` (share-alike), `nd` (no derivatives) terms, separated by hyphens. Note that a CC license cannot be both `sa` and `nd`
- **jurisdiction** (*str*) – The jurisdiction for a ported Creative Commons license (eg. `nz`), or `None` for unported/international licenses.

**Return type** [License](#)

**list** ()

Fetches a set of model objects

**Return type** `koordinates.base.Query`

**model**

alias of [License](#)

**order\_by** (*\*args, \*\*kwargs*)

Returns an ordered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().order_by(...)`. See `koordinates.base.Query.order_by()`.

**class** `koordinates.licenses.License` (*\*\*kwargs*)

Bases: `koordinates.base.Model`

Represents a license that can be applied to layers, tables, sources, and documents.

**refresh** ()

Refresh this model from the server.

Updates attributes with the server-defined values. This is useful where the Model instance came from a partial response (eg. a list query) and additional details are required.

Existing attribute values will be overwritten.

## 2.10.5 Metadata

Related to the [Metadata API](#)

**class** `koordinates.metadata.MetadataManager` (*client*, *parent\_manager*)

Bases: `koordinates.base.InnerManager`

Accessor for querying and updating metadata.

Access via the `metadata` property of `koordinates.layers.Layer` or `koordinates.sets.Set` instances.

**model**

alias of `Metadata`

**set** (*parent\_url*, *fp*)

If the parent object already has XML metadata, it will be overwritten.

Accepts XML metadata in any of the three supported formats. The format will be detected from the XML content.

The Metadata object becomes invalid after setting

**Parameters** *fp* (*file*) – A reference to an open file-like object which the content will be read from.

**class** `koordinates.metadata.Metadata` (\*\**kwargs*)

Bases: `koordinates.base.InnerModel`

**get\_formats** ()

Return the available format names for this metadata

**get\_xml** (*fp*, *format*='native')

Returns the XML metadata for this source, converted to the requested format. Converted metadata may not contain all the same information as the native format.

**Parameters**

- **fp** (*file*) – A path, or an open file-like object which the content should be written to.
- **format** (*str*) – desired format for the output. This should be one of the available formats from `get_formats()`, or `FORMAT_NATIVE` for the native format.

If you pass this function an open file-like object as the *fp* parameter, the function will not close that file for you.

## 2.10.6 Publishing

Related to the [Publishing API](#)

**class** `koordinates.publishing.PublishManager` (*client*)

Bases: `koordinates.base.Manager`

Accessor for querying Publish groups.

Access via the `publishing` property of a `koordinates.client.Client` instance.

**create** (*publish*)

Creates a new publish group.

**expand** (\**args*, \*\**kwargs*)

Returns an expanded Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().expand()`.

Using expansions may have significant performance implications for some API requests. See `koordinates.base.Query.expand()`.

**filter** (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns a filtered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().filter(...)`. See `koordinates.base.Query.filter()`.

**get** (id, expand=[])

Fetches a Model instance determined by the value of *id*.

**Parameters** *id* – numeric ID for the Model.

**list** ()

Fetches a set of model objects

**Return type** `koordinates.base.Query`

**model**

alias of *Publish*

**order\_by** (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns an ordered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().order_by(...)`. See `koordinates.base.Query.order_by()`.

**class** `koordinates.publishing.Publish` (\*\*kwargs)

Bases: `koordinates.base.Model`

Represents an active publishing group.

**add\_layer\_item** (layer)

Adds a Layer to the publish group.

**add\_table\_item** (table)

Adds a Table to the publish group.

**cancel** ()

Cancel a pending publish task

**get\_items** ()

Return the item models associated with this Publish group.

**refresh** ()

Refresh this model from the server.

Updates attributes with the server-defined values. This is useful where the Model instance came from a partial response (eg. a list query) and additional details are required.

Existing attribute values will be overwritten.

## 2.10.7 Sets

Related to the [Sets API](#)

**class** `koordinates.sets.SetManager` (client)

Bases: `koordinates.base.Manager`

Accessor for querying Sets.

Access via the `sets` property of a `koordinates.client.Client` instance.

**create** (set)

Creates a new Set.

**create\_draft** (*set\_id*)

Creates a new draft version.

**Return type** *Client*

**Returns** the new version

**Raises** **409 Conflict** – if there is already a draft version for this set.

**expand** (*\*args, \*\*kwargs*)

Returns an expanded Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().expand()`. Using expansions may have significant performance implications for some API requests. See `koordinates.base.Query.expand()`.

**filter** (*\*args, \*\*kwargs*)

Returns a filtered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().filter(...)`. See `koordinates.base.Query.filter()`.

**get** (*id, expand=[]*)

Fetches a Model instance determined by the value of *id*.

**Parameters** **id** – numeric ID for the Model.

**get\_draft** (*set\_id, expand=[]*)

Get the current draft version of a set. :raises NotFound: if there is no draft version.

**get\_published** (*set\_id, expand=[]*)

Get the latest published version of this set. :raises NotFound: if there is no published version.

**get\_version** (*set\_id, version\_id, expand=[]*)

Get a specific version of a set.

**list** ()

Fetches a set of model objects

**Return type** `koordinates.base.Query`

**list\_drafts** ()

A filterable list view of sets, returning the draft version of each set. If the most recent version has been published already, it won't be returned here.

**list\_versions** (*set\_id*)

Filterable list of versions of a set, always ordered newest to oldest.

If the version's source supports revisions, you can get a specific revision using `.filter(data__source_revision=value)`. Specific values depend on the source type. Use `data__source_revision__lt` or `data__source_revision__gte` to filter using `<` or `>=` operators respectively.

**model**

alias of *Set*

**order\_by** (*\*args, \*\*kwargs*)

Returns an ordered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().order_by(...)`. See `koordinates.base.Query.order_by()`.

**set\_metadata** (*set\_id, fp*)

Set the XML metadata on a set.

**Parameters** **fp** (*file*) – file-like object to read the XML metadata from.

**class** `koordinates.sets.Set` (*\*\*kwargs*)

Bases: `koordinates.base.Model`, `koordinates.permissions.PermissionObjectMixin`



Represents a single set grouping of layers, tables, and documents.

**delete\_version** (*version\_id=None*)

Deletes this draft version (revert to published)

**Raises**

- **NotAllowed** – if this version is already published.
- **Conflict** – if this version is already deleted.

**get\_draft\_version** (*expand=()*)

Get the current draft version of this set. :raises NotFound: if there is no draft version.

**get\_published\_version** (*expand=()*)

Get the latest published version of this set. :raises NotFound: if there is no published version.

**get\_version** (*version\_id, expand=()*)

Get a specific version of this set

**property is\_draft\_version**

Return if this version is the draft version of a layer

**property is\_published\_version**

Return if this version is the published version of a layer

**list\_versions** ()

Filterable list of versions of a set, always ordered newest to oldest.

If the version's source supports revisions, you can get a specific revision using `.filter(data__source_revision=value)`. Specific values depend on the source type. Use `data__source_revision__lt` or `data__source_revision__gte` to filter using `<` or `>=` operators respectively.

**publish** (*version\_id=None*)

Creates a publish task for this version.

**Returns** the publish task

**Return type** *Publish*

**Raises** **Conflict** – If the version is already published, or already has a publish job.

**refresh** ()

Refresh this model from the server.

Updates attributes with the server-defined values. This is useful where the Model instance came from a partial response (eg. a list query) and additional details are required.

Existing attribute values will be overwritten.

**save** ()

Edits this draft version.

**Raises** **NotAllowed** – if the version is already published.

**set\_metadata** (*fp, version\_id=None*)

Set the XML metadata on this draft version.

**Parameters** **fp** (*file*) – file-like object to read the XML metadata from.

**Raises** **NotAllowed** – if this version is already published.

**class** `koordinates.sets.SetVersion` (*\*\*kwargs*)

Bases: `koordinates.base.InnerModel`

Represents the version property of a *koordinates.client.Client* instance.

```
class koordinates.sets.SetVersionManager(client, parent_manager)
    Bases: koordinates.base.InnerManager
```

```
model
    alias of SetVersion
```

```
class koordinates.sets.SetDataManager(client, parent_manager)
    Bases: koordinates.base.InnerManager
```

```
model
    alias of SetData
```

```
class koordinates.sets.SetData(**kwargs)
    Bases: koordinates.base.InnerModel
```

Represents the data property of a *koordinates.client.Client* instance.

## 2.10.8 Users & Groups

```
class koordinates.users.UserManager(client)
    Bases: koordinates.base.Manager
```

```
expand (*args, **kwargs)
    Returns an expanded Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling .list().expand().
    Using expansions may have significant performance implications for some API requests. See
    koordinates.base.Query.expand().
```

```
filter (*args, **kwargs)
    Returns a filtered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling .list().filter(...). See
    koordinates.base.Query.filter().
```

```
get (id, expand=[])
    Fetches a Model instance determined by the value of id.
```

**Parameters** *id* – numeric ID for the Model.

```
list()
    Fetches a set of model objects
```

**Return type** `koordinates.base.Query`

```
model
    alias of User
```

```
order_by (*args, **kwargs)
    Returns an ordered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling .list().order_by(...).
    See koordinates.base.Query.order_by().
```

```
class koordinates.users.User(**kwargs)
    Bases: koordinates.base.Model
```

Represents a Koordinates User

```
refresh()
    Refresh this model from the server.
```

Updates attributes with the server-defined values. This is useful where the Model instance came from a partial response (eg. a list query) and additional details are required.

Existing attribute values will be overwritten.

```
class koordinates.users.GroupManager (client)
    Bases: koordinates.base.Manager

    expand (*args, **kwargs)
        Returns an expanded Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling .list().expand().
        Using expansions may have significant performance implications for some API requests. See
        koordinates.base.Query.expand().

    filter (*args, **kwargs)
        Returns a filtered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling .list().filter(...). See
        koordinates.base.Query.filter().

    get (id, expand=[])
        Fetches a Model instance determined by the value of id.

        Parameters id – numeric ID for the Model.

    list ()
        Fetches a set of model objects

        Return type koordinates.base.Query

    model
        alias of Group

    order_by (*args, **kwargs)
        Returns an ordered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling .list().order_by(...).
        See koordinates.base.Query.order_by().

class koordinates.users.Group (**kwargs)
    Bases: koordinates.base.Model

    Represents a Koordinates Group

    refresh ()
        Refresh this model from the server.

        Updates attributes with the server-defined values. This is useful where the Model instance came from a
        partial response (eg. a list query) and additional details are required.

        Existing attribute values will be overwritten.
```

## 2.10.9 Data Sources

Related to the [Data Sources API](#)

```
class koordinates.sources.SourceManager (client)
    Accessor for querying Sources.

    Access via the sources property of a koordinates.client.Client instance.

    create (source, upload_progress_callback=None)
        Creates a new source.

        Parameters

        • source (str) – The populated Source object to create.

        • upload_progress_callback (function) – For an UploadSource object, an optional
          callback function which receives upload progress notifications. The function should
          take two arguments: the number of bytes sent, and the total number of bytes to send.

        Return type Source
```

**expand** (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns an expanded Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().expand()`. Using expansions may have significant performance implications for some API requests. See `koordinates.base.Query.expand()`.

**filter** (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns a filtered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().filter(...)`. See `koordinates.base.Query.filter()`.

**get** (id, expand=[])

Fetches a Model instance determined by the value of *id*.

**Parameters** *id* – numeric ID for the Model.

**get\_datasource** (source\_id, datasource\_id)

Get a Datasource object

**Return type** *Datasource*

**get\_scan** (source\_id, scan\_id)

Get a Scan object

**Return type** *Scan*

**get\_scan\_log\_lines** (source\_id, scan\_id)

Get the log text for a Scan

**Return type** Iterator over log lines.

**list** ()

Fetches a set of model objects

**Return type** `koordinates.base.Query`

**list\_datasources** (source\_id)

Filterable list of Datasources for a Source.

**list\_scans** (source\_id=None)

Filterable list of Scans for a Source. Ordered newest to oldest by default

**model**

alias of *Source*

**order\_by** (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns an ordered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().order_by(...)`. See `koordinates.base.Query.order_by()`.

**start\_scan** (source\_id)

Start a new scan of a Source.

**Return type** *Scan*

**class** `koordinates.sources.Source` (\*\*kwargs)

A source points to a place where Koordinates can get data from. Sources can contain any number of datasources.

**delete** ()

Delete this source

**refresh** ()

Refresh this model from the server.

Updates attributes with the server-defined values. This is useful where the Model instance came from a partial response (eg. a list query) and additional details are required.

Existing attribute values will be overwritten.

**save** (*with\_data=False*)

Edits this Source

**class** `koordinates.sources.UploadSource(*args, **kwargs)`

Bases: `koordinates.sources.Source`

Subclass of Source used for uploads of files and archives, which are automatically scanned.

### Example

```
>>> upload = koordinates.UploadSource()
>>> upload.user = 5
>>> upload.title = "upload_source example"
>>> upload.add_file('/path/to/data.zip')
>>> upload = client.sources.create(upload)
```

**add\_file** (*fp, upload\_path=None, content\_type=None*)

Add a single file or archive to upload.

To add metadata records with a file, add a .xml file with the same upload path basename eg. `points-with-metadata.geojson` & `points-with-metadata.xml` Datasource XML must be in one of these three formats:

- ISO 19115/19139
- FGDC CSDGM
- Dublin Core (OAI-PMH)

### Parameters

- **fp** (*str or file*) – File to upload into this source, can be a path or a file-like object.
- **upload\_path** (*str*) – relative path to store the file as within the source (eg. `folder/0001.tif`). By default it will use `fp`, either the filename from a path or the `.name` attribute of a file-like object.
- **content\_type** (*str*) – Content-Type of the file. By default it will attempt to auto-detect from the `file/upload_path`.

**delete** ()

Delete this source

**refresh** ()

Refresh this model from the server.

Updates attributes with the server-defined values. This is useful where the Model instance came from a partial response (eg. a list query) and additional details are required.

Existing attribute values will be overwritten.

**save** (*with\_data=False*)

Edits this Source

**class** `koordinates.sources.Scan(**kwargs)`

A scan operation examines a source to find out about what datasources the source provides.

**cancel** ()

Cancel a running Scan.

**get\_log\_lines** ()

Get the log text for a scan object

**Return type** Iterator over log lines.

**refresh()**

Refresh this model from the server.

Updates attributes with the server-defined values. This is useful where the Model instance came from a partial response (eg. a list query) and additional details are required.

Existing attribute values will be overwritten.

**class** `koordinates.sources.Datasource` (*\*\*kwargs*)

A datasource is a single dataset from a source. One or more datasources may be imported to create a layer, table or document.

**refresh()**

Refresh this model from the server.

Updates attributes with the server-defined values. This is useful where the Model instance came from a partial response (eg. a list query) and additional details are required.

Existing attribute values will be overwritten.

## 2.10.10 Exports

Related to the [Exports API](#)

**class** `koordinates.exports.ExportManager` (*client*)

Accessor for querying and creating Exports.

Access via the `exports` property of a `koordinates.client.Client` instance.

**create** (*export*)

Create and start processing a new Export.

**Parameters** `export` ([Export](#)) – The Export to create.

**Return type** [Export](#)

**property** `croplayers`

Returns a manager for querying and listing CropLayer models

**Return type** [CropLayerManager](#)

**expand** (*\*args, \*\*kwargs*)

Returns an expanded Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().expand()`. Using expansions may have significant performance implications for some API requests. See `koordinates.base.Query.expand()`.

**filter** (*\*args, \*\*kwargs*)

Returns a filtered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().filter(...)`. See `koordinates.base.Query.filter()`.

**get** (*id, expand=[]*)

Fetches a Model instance determined by the value of *id*.

**Parameters** `id` – numeric ID for the Model.

**get\_formats()**

Returns a dictionary of format options keyed by data kind.

```
{
    "vector": {
        "application/x-ogc-gpkg": "GeoPackage",
        "application/x-zipped-shp": "Shapefile",
        #...
    },
    "table": {
        "text/csv": "CSV (text/csv)",
        "application/x-ogc-gpkg": "GeoPackage",
        #...
    },
    "raster": {
        "image/jpeg": "JPEG",
        "image/jp2": "JPEG2000",
        #...
    },
    "grid": {
        "application/x-ogc-aagrid": "ASCII Grid",
        "image/tiff;subtype=geotiff": "GeoTIFF",
        #...
    },
    "rat": {
        "application/x-erdas-hfa": "ERDAS Imagine",
        #...
    }
}
```

**Return type** dict

**list()**

Fetches a set of model objects

**Return type** `koordinates.base.Query`

**model**

alias of *Export*

**order\_by** (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns an ordered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().order_by(...)`.  
See `koordinates.base.Query.order_by()`.

**validate** (export)

Validates an Export.

**Parameters** **export** (*Export*) –

**Return type** *ExportValidationResponse*

**class** `koordinates.exports.Export` (\*\*kwargs)

An export is a request to extract data from a Koordinates site into an archive for downloading

**Example**

```
>>> export = koordinates.Export()
>>> export.crs = "EPSG:4326"
>>> export.formats = {
    "vector": "application/x-zipped-shp"
}
```

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```
>>> export.add_item(layer)
>>> client.exports.create(export)
```

**add\_item** (*item*, *\*\*options*)

Add a layer or table item to the export.

**Parameters** *item* (*Layer* | *Table*) – The Layer or Table to add

**Return type** *self*

**cancel** ()

Cancel the export processing

**download** (*path*, *progress\_callback=None*, *chunk\_size=1048576*)

Download the export archive.

**Warning:** If you pass this function an open file-like object as the *path* parameter, the function will not close that file for you.

If a *path* parameter is a directory, this function will use the Export name to determine the name of the file (returned). If the calculated download file path already exists, this function will raise a `DownloadError`.

You can also specify the filename as a string. This will be passed to the built-in `open()` and we will read the content into the file.

Instead, if you want to manage the file object yourself, you need to provide either a `io.BytesIO` object or a file opened with the `'b'` flag. See the two examples below for more details.

#### Parameters

- **path** – Either a string with the path to the location to save the response content, or a file-like object expecting bytes.
- **progress\_callback** (*function*) – An optional callback function which receives upload progress notifications. The function should take two arguments: the number of bytes recieved, and the total number of bytes to receive.
- **chunk\_size** (*int*) – Chunk size in bytes for streaming large downloads and progress reporting. 1MB by default

:returns The name of the automatic filename that would be used. :rtype: str

**refresh** ()

Refresh this model from the server.

Updates attributes with the server-defined values. This is useful where the `Model` instance came from a partial response (eg. a list query) and additional details are required.

Existing attribute values will be overwritten.

**class** `koordinates.exports.ExportValidationResponse` (*\*\*kwargs*)

Response returned by Export validation requests.

**class** `koordinates.exports.CropLayerManager` (*client*)

Bases: `koordinates.base.Manager`

Accessor for querying Crop Layers.

Access via the `exports.croplayers` property of a `koordinates.client.Client` instance.



**expand** (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns an expanded Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().expand()`. Using expansions may have significant performance implications for some API requests. See `koordinates.base.Query.expand()`.

**filter** (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns a filtered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().filter(...)`. See `koordinates.base.Query.filter()`.

**get** (id, expand=[])

Fetches a Model instance determined by the value of *id*.

**Parameters** *id* – numeric ID for the Model.

**get\_feature** (croplayer\_id, cropfeature\_id)

Gets a crop feature

**Parameters**

- **croplayer\_id** (int) – ID of a cropping layer
- **cropfeature\_id** (int) – ID of a cropping feature

**Return type** *CropFeature*

**list** ()

Fetches a set of model objects

**Return type** `koordinates.base.Query`

**model**

alias of *CropLayer*

**order\_by** (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns an ordered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().order_by(...)`. See `koordinates.base.Query.order_by()`.

**class** `koordinates.exports.CropLayer` (\*\*kwargs)

A crop layer provides features that can be used to crop exports to a geographic extent.

**get\_feature** (cropfeature\_id)

Gets a crop feature

**Parameters** **cropfeature\_id** (int) – ID of a cropping feature

**Return type** *CropFeature*

**refresh** ()

Refresh this model from the server.

Updates attributes with the server-defined values. This is useful where the Model instance came from a partial response (eg. a list query) and additional details are required.

Existing attribute values will be overwritten.

**class** `koordinates.exports.CropFeatureManager` (client)

Accessor for querying Crop Features.

**expand** (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns an expanded Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().expand()`. Using expansions may have significant performance implications for some API requests. See `koordinates.base.Query.expand()`.

**filter** (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns a filtered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().filter(...)`. See `koordinates.base.Query.filter()`.

**get** (id, expand=[])

Fetches a Model instance determined by the value of *id*.

**Parameters** *id* – numeric ID for the Model.

**list** ()

Fetches a set of model objects

**Return type** `koordinates.base.Query`

**model**

alias of `CropFeature`

**order\_by** (\*args, \*\*kwargs)

Returns an ordered Query view of the model objects. Equivalent to calling `.list().order_by(...)`. See `koordinates.base.Query.order_by()`.

**class** `koordinates.exports.CropFeature` (\*\*kwargs)

A crop feature provides complex pre-defined geographic extents for cropping and clipping Exports.

**refresh** ()

Refresh this model from the server.

Updates attributes with the server-defined values. This is useful where the Model instance came from a partial response (eg. a list query) and additional details are required.

Existing attribute values will be overwritten.

## 2.10.11 Exception Classes

**exception** `koordinates.exceptions.KoordinatesException` (message, \*\*kwargs)

Base class for all koordinates module errors

**exception** `koordinates.exceptions.ClientError` (message, \*\*kwargs)

Base class for client errors

**exception** `koordinates.exceptions.ClientValidationError` (message, \*\*kwargs)

Client-side validation error

**exception** `koordinates.exceptions.InvalidAPIVersion` (message, \*\*kwargs)

Invalid API Version

**exception** `koordinates.exceptions.ServerError` (message=None, error=None, response=None)

Base class for errors returned from the API Servers

**exception** `koordinates.exceptions.BadRequest` (message=None, error=None, response=None)

Invalid request data or parameters. Check your request. (400)

**exception** `koordinates.exceptions.AuthenticationError` (message=None, error=None, response=None)

The API token is invalid or expired. (401)

**exception** `koordinates.exceptions.Forbidden` (message=None, error=None, response=None)

The API token or user doesn't have access to perform the request. (403)

**exception** `koordinates.exceptions.NotFound` (*message=None, error=None, response=None*)  
The requested object was not found. (404)

**exception** `koordinates.exceptions.NotAllowed` (*message=None, error=None, response=None*)  
The requested action isn't available for this object. (405)

**exception** `koordinates.exceptions.Conflict` (*message=None, error=None, response=None*)  
The requested action isn't available for this object due to a conflict. (409)

**exception** `koordinates.exceptions.RateLimitExceeded` (*message=None, error=None, response=None*)  
The request has exceeded the API rate limit. Retry the request again later. (429)

**exception** `koordinates.exceptions.InternalServerError` (*message=None, error=None, response=None*)  
An internal server error has occurred. (500)

**exception** `koordinates.exceptions.ServiceUnavailable` (*message=None, error=None, response=None*)  
The Koordinates service is currently unavailable. (502/503/504)

## 2.10.12 Permissions

Related to the [Permissions API](#)

**class** `koordinates.permissions.PermissionManager` (*client, parent\_object*)

Bases: `koordinates.base.InnerManager`

Accessor for querying and updating permissions.

Access via the `permissions` property of `koordinates.layers.Layer` or `koordinates.sets.Set` instances.

**create** (*permission*)

Create single permission for the given object.

**Parameters** `permission` (`Permission`) – A single `Permission` object to be set.

**get** (*permission\_id, expand=[]*)

List a specific permission for the given object.

**Parameters** `permission_id` (*str*) – the id of the `Permission` to be listed.

**list** ()

List permissions for the given object.

**model**

alias of `Permission`

**set** (*permissions*)

Set the object permissions. If the parent object already has permissions, they will be overwritten.

**Parameters** `permissions` (*[]*) – A group of `Permission` objects to be set.

**class** `koordinates.permissions.Permission` (*\*\*kwargs*)

Bases: `koordinates.base.InnerModel`

Represents a permissions for a specific `koordinates.layers.Layer` or `koordinates.sets.Set` instance.



## SUPPORT

Please report bugs as [Github issues](#), or see [Contributing](#) if you wish to suggest an improvement or make a change. For general technical support for the APIs and library, please contact us via [help.koordinates.com](https://help.koordinates.com).



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